

# Frontline Frontline Wellness, Productivity, and You! Employee

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www.oer.ny.gov/eap

#### **Beat Heat Exhaustion**

If you work in summer heat—rooftops, roads, landscaping, construction sites—you know how brutal hot, humid days can be. Staying hydrated is essential, but you need to do more to prevent heat illness. Hydration and "powering through" won't prevent



heat exhaustion, which can leave you weak and tired, and even lying down at day's end offers little relief. Don't be fooled—even if you're young and fit, heat exhaustion stresses organs and may increase your risk for cardiovascular or kidney issues later. Here are OSHA's tips for avoiding heat exhaustion: 1) Let your body build heat tolerance by gradually increasing your exposure over several days. 2) Drink water every 15–20 minutes, not just when you're thirsty. Avoid caffeine, which dehydrates you faster. 3) If at work, discuss scheduling breaks with your supervisor out of the sun and find ways to cool off. 4) Know the symptoms of heat illness and watch coworkers for signs of dizziness, heavy sweating, nausea, or confusion.

Source: osha.gov/sites/default/files/publications/3431\_wksiteposter\_en.pdf

#### Micro-breaks— Stress Management



Micro-breaks are short, intentional pauses in your work lasting 30 seconds to five minutes. They interrupt the buildup of physical and mental stress. Take them throughout the day to reset focus, lower tension, and improve performance. Stretch, stand, walk, breathe deeply, or sip water. It sounds simple, but many skip micro-breaks because they are caught up in the intensity of their work. Being in "go mode" reduces awareness of your need to recharge. Mini-breaks help prevent burnout and boost productivity. Set a phone timer if needed, or take a break when you notice mental fog, forgetfulness, irritability, impatience, eyestrain, body tension, slumping, or dozing off.

Make a Peer Referral to the EAP

Ongoing performance issues in a co-worker may signal deeper problems. You might not know what's wrong, but you'll likely notice symptoms—such as missed deadlines, mood swings, frequent absences, or others' complaints. Since denial is common, how do you help? Start



by showing concern. A calm, caring comment makes a stronger impression than showing frustration or criticism does. It also makes you more likely to be seen as someone safe to talk to if things get worse—which they often do. Chronic issues can lead to crises. Any incident may open a brief window when your co-worker is willing to accept help. That's your opportunity to suggest the EAP. This simple step—an "EAP peer referral"—can be the turning point that leads your co-worker to needed support and recovery.

### Credit/Identity Theft Tips

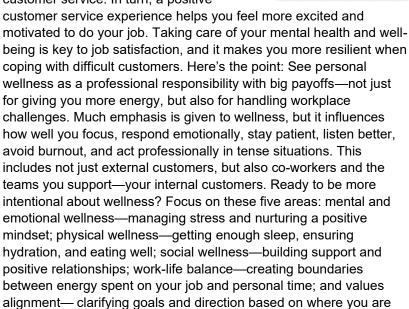
Identity theft happens when someone uses your personal information—like your name, Social Security number, or credit card details—without



permission to commit fraud or other crimes. Victims often spend months or years trying to repair costly damage to their credit and reputation. If you suspect identity theft, contact one of the three major credit bureaus to place a fraud alert on your credit file—not just your bank or credit card company. That bureau will notify the other two. A fraud alert requires creditors to verify your identity before opening new accounts or changing existing ones. Each bureau will send you a free credit report. You can also request a "security freeze," which prevents new accounts from being opened in your name until you lift it.

# Personal Wellness Matters in Customer Service

There's a connection between personal wellness and your ability to deliver great customer service. In turn, a positive



# Resilience Tip: Optimize Your Energy

now and where you want to go.

Being productive isn't just about goals, organization, motivation, and time management. It's also about managing the energy you have to accomplish tasks. Physical, emotional, and mental



energy are your three "energy spheres." Nurture them, replenish them, and be aware of their peak periods. This is the art of energy optimization. The goal is to align tasks with the times of day when energy spheres are strongest so you can work efficiently and keep your momentum. When energy is low in one area—say, mental clarity—if possible, shift to a task requiring physical movement. Paying attention to energy optimization can help prevent overexertion, reduce mistakes, and boost productivity. Try this: During the day, log and rate your energy using a scale ranging from 1 to 10—physical, mental, and emotional. Patterns will reveal your peaks. Once you know them, you'll likely use them to accomplish more.

## The Power of **Decisiveness**

Being decisive means you can make a decision, but also be timely and confident about it. Decisiveness is a soft skill that can be honed, and the more decisiveness you practice, the less wavering you will experience.



Effective leaders are noted for their decisiveness. Decisive employees reduce delays, take action, model positive behaviors for peers, and tend to excel at seeking clarity, which means better decisions. It's easier to be more decisive if you intervene when there are roadblocks like fear of failure, overthinking, perfectionism, and fear of not getting recognition. Self-awareness is key. Simply examining these roadblocks weakens their grip. Naming these culprits puts you in control. Remember, no decision is without risk and uncertainty—you may not know or guess what will happen. Learning to tolerate this is part of the journey, even for the greatest leaders. Need help? Talk to your EAP coordinator.

## Boost Your **Team's Positivity!**

Many workplace teams experience stress, but it is often made worse by not nurturing a team culture that can maintain high morale and resilience. Take these steps to reinforce team positivity: 1) Decide to not just perform tasks. Instead, agree on a



common vision and set up goals. Then post them.

2) Lose the cynicism and believe in the organization, or discover how to rekindle this loyalty so you have a foundational purpose with your employer and a real reason to engage that naturally pulls you forward;

3) Don't avoid the manager; determine how to elicit praise for your successes. Praise from the boss is pure currency to boost morale. 4) Regularly set aside a few minutes to have honest discussions about issues—even if a moment of silence passes as members consider what's relevant. Don't allow only a concern or issue to be what prompts such meetings. You may miss the opportunity to resolve a problem early-on.