#207 Jessica Perez Perez

Nicotine in e-cigarettes dysregulates Interferon Beta, Tumor Necrosis Factor Alpha, and Matrix Metalloproteinase 12 expression, without effecting respiratory syncytial virus virulence in Mice

Introduction/rationale for the study: The safety of electronic cigarettes (e-cigarettes) is a major topic of discussion, especially with the recent vaping-associated pulmonary injury (EVALI) outbreak and growing evidence of potential harmful effects of vaping. The key goals of this study were to determine if components of e-cigarette vapor alter inflammatory responses against the respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) infection.

Methods: The murine alveolar macrophage cell line MH-S cells were exposed to nicotine, diacetyl, and e-cigarette vapor with and without nicotine. A/J mice were exposed to PBS, e-cigarette vapor with and without nicotine for 2 months before RSV infection. Pulmonary function maneuvers were performed on the animals with the Scireq Flexivent system. Cell media and BALF was further investigated with Luminex bead assays.

Results: In MH-S cells, both e-cigarette and nicotine significantly induced the expression of matrix metalloprotease (MMP) 12 and reduced expression of Interferon beta (IFN β) and Tumor Necrosis Factor Alpha (TNF α). In mice, e-cigarette vapor, with and without nicotine, did not influence RSV infection-induced animal weight loss, RSV infectivity, airway hyperresponsiveness during methacholine challenge, or immune cell infiltration into the lungs. However, e-cigarette vapor containing nicotine enhanced obstruction, and induced expression of MMP12 and reduced expression of IFN β and TNF α . Tissue inflammation scores were recorded on lung tissues and demonstrated similar inflammation in the lungs of all RSV infected animals, regardless of prior exposure or not to e-cigarette vapor, or nicotine content of the vapor.

Conclusions of the study: Therefore, nicotine in vaping products modulates immune responses to respiratory infections, such as RSV. Specifically, changes in MMP-12, IFN β , and TNF α might play a role in these changes.

Additional contributors to this project:

Brais Perez Gandara1, Hannah Goldenberg2, Andrew Bramante2, Robert Foronjy1, Abdoulaye J Dabo1, Edward Eden3, Josué Sznitman4, and Patrick Geraghty1

1Department of Medicine, State University of New York Downstate Health Sciences University, Brooklyn, New